

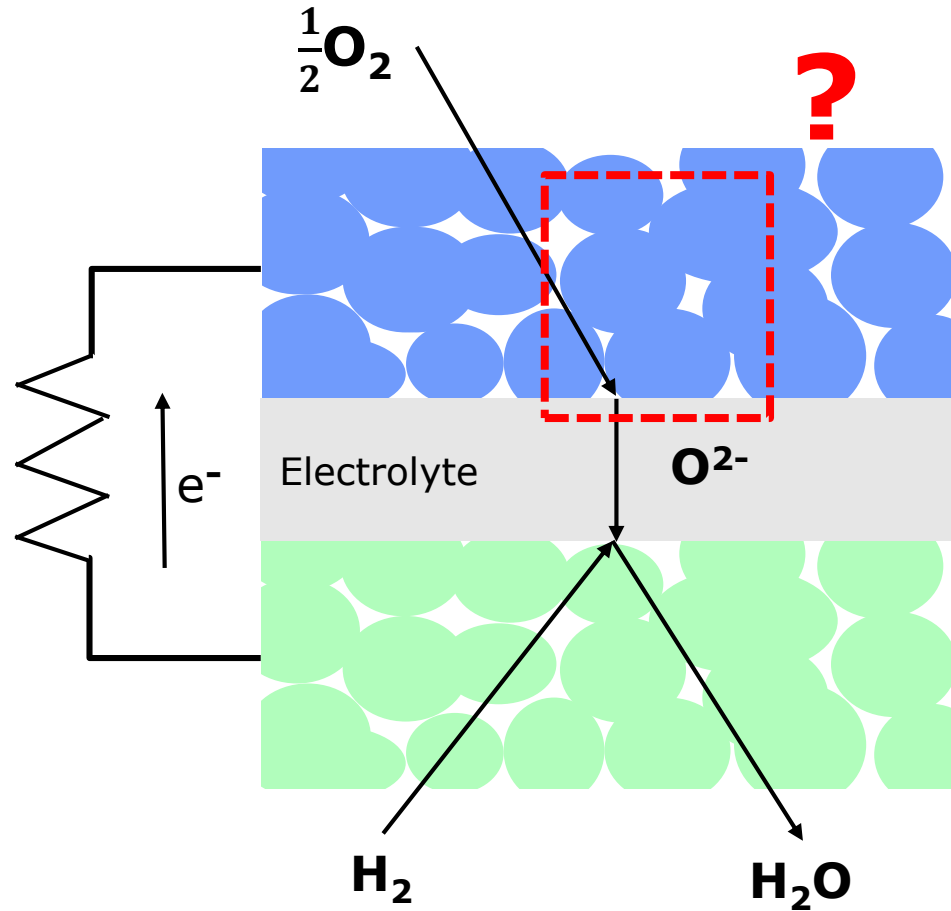
Effect of transition metal impurities on oxygen exchange kinetics in mixed ionic and electronic conducting oxides

Insaf Abdouli, Clément Nicollet

3^{ème} réunion plénières FRH2

2023/05/23

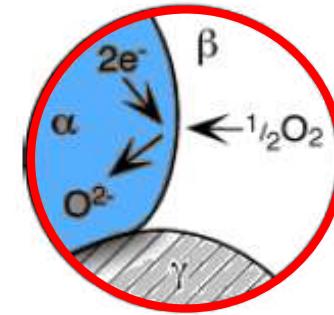
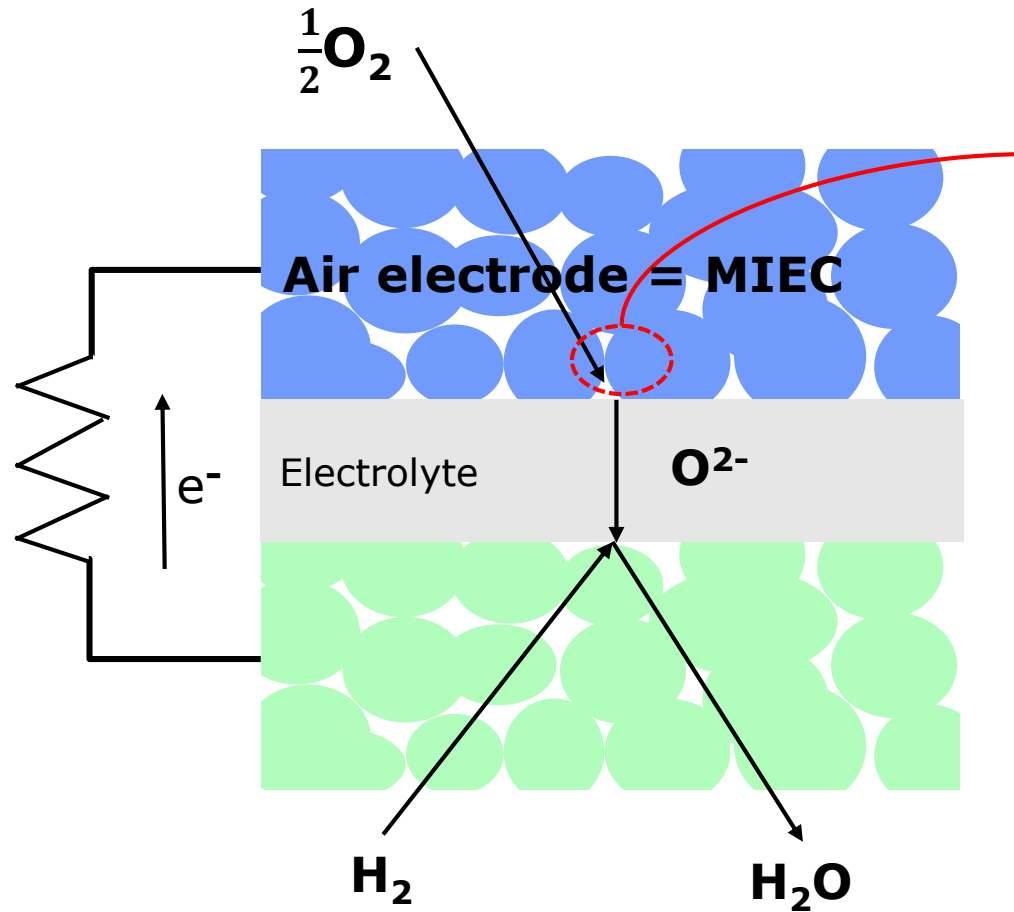
Introduction: Oxygen reduction reaction



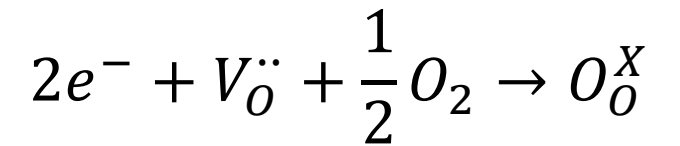
- Diffusion
- Adsorption
- Dissociation
- Partial reduction
- Charge transfer

Mechanism? Active sites?
Impurities effect?

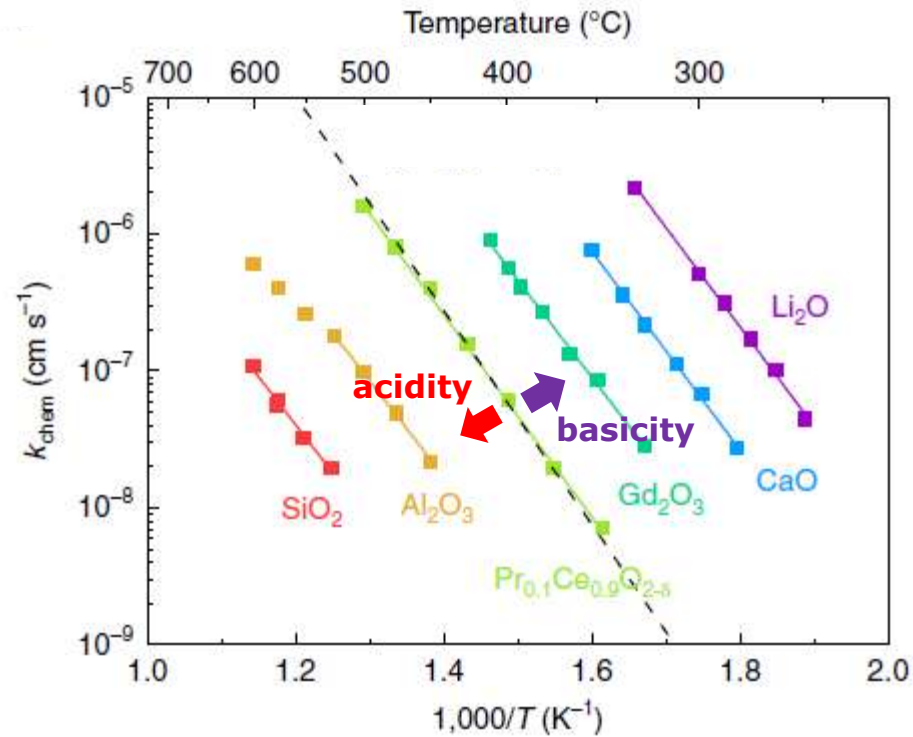
Introduction: Oxygen reduction reaction in MIEC



Adler S. B., *Chem Rev*, 2004, 104, 10, 4791-4843.



Introduction: $\text{Pr}_{0.1}\text{Ce}_{0.9}\text{O}_{2-\delta}$ (PCO10)



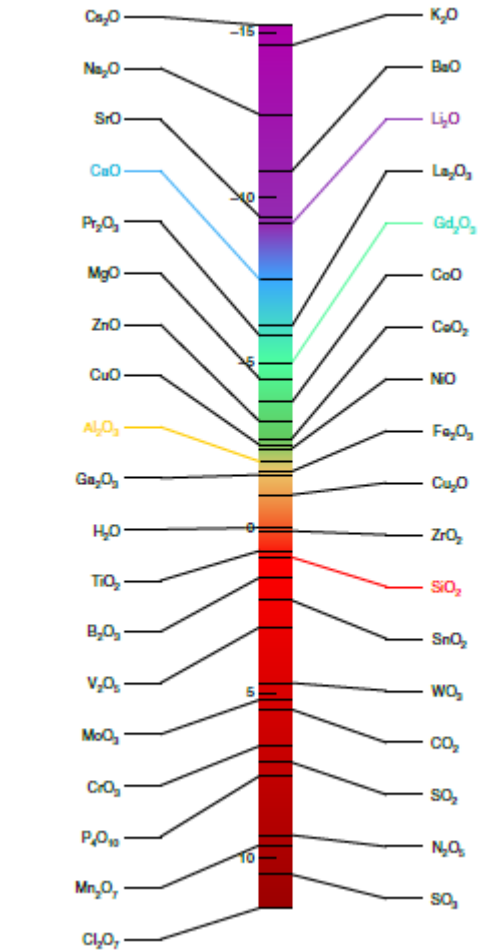
Same E_a

Oxygen exchange coefficient

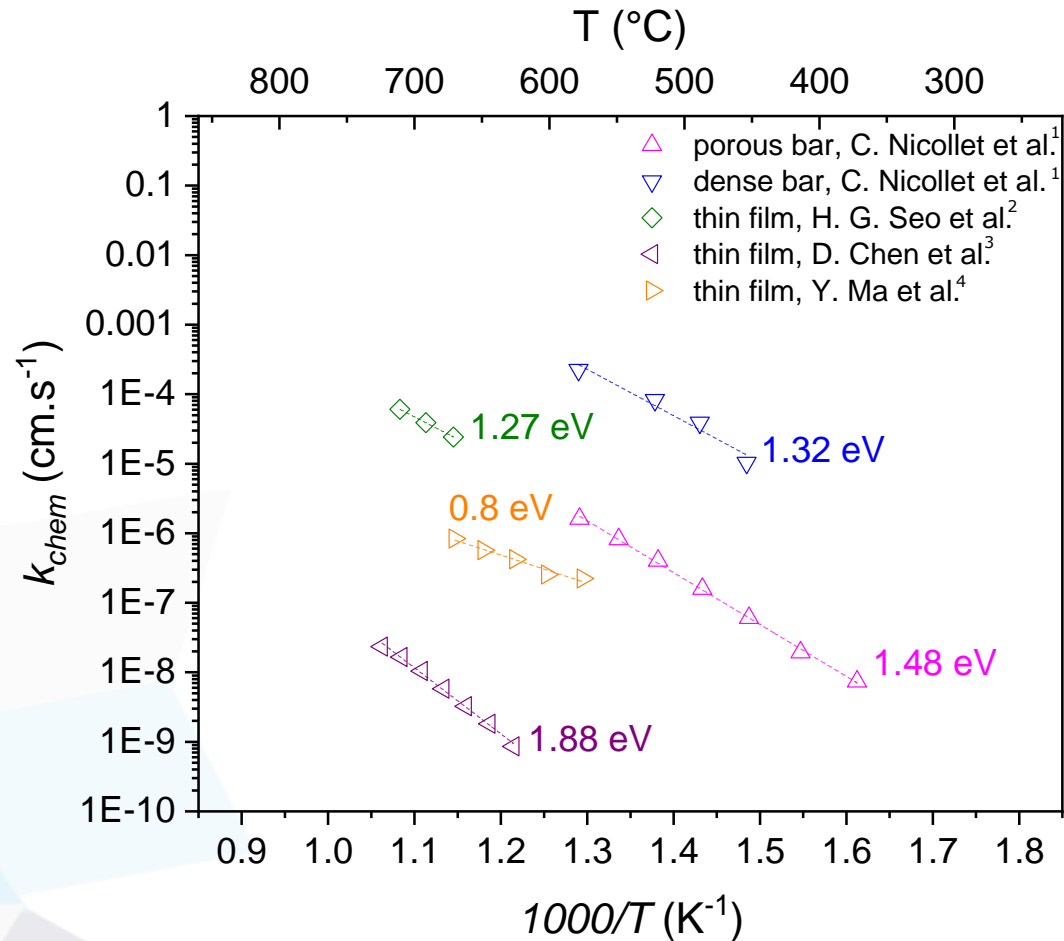
$$k_{chem} = A \cdot e^{-\frac{E_A}{k_b T}}$$

Nicollet C. et al., *Nat. Catal.* **2020**, 3 (11), 913–920.

Smith D. W., *Journal of Chemical Education.* **1987**, 64, 480.



Introduction: $\text{Pr}_{0.1}\text{Ce}_{0.9}\text{O}_{2-\delta}$ (PCO10)



Oxygen exchange coefficient

$$k_{chem} = A \cdot e^{-\frac{E_a}{k_b T}}$$

**different k_{chem}
different E_a**

¹ Nicollet C. et al., *Nat. Catal.* **2020**, 3 (11), 913–920.

² Seo H. G. et al., *Adv. Energy Mater.* **2022**, 12 (43), 2202101.

³ Chen D. et al., *J. Electroceramics* **2012**, 28 (1), 62–69.

⁴ Ma Y. et al., *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.* **2018**, 20 (43), 27350–27360.

Objectives

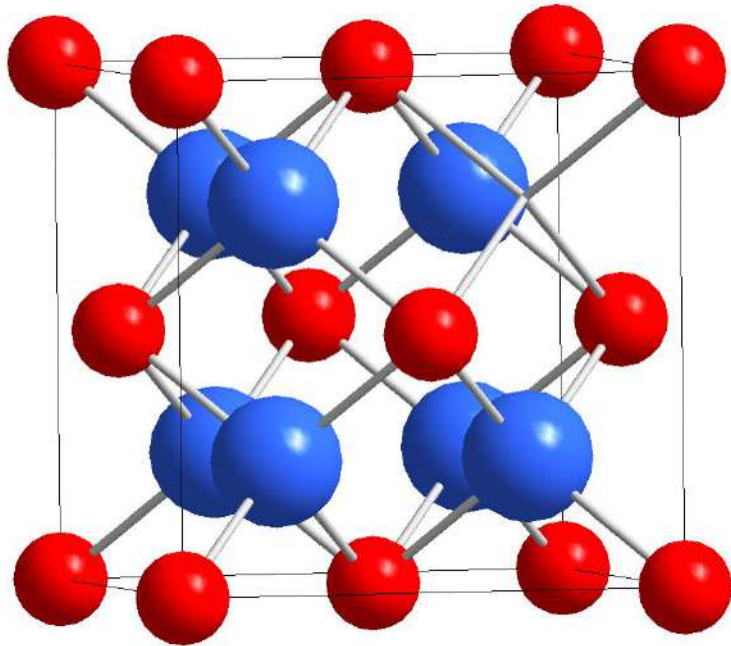
Effect of transition metal impurities on PCO10 surface on:

- oxygen exchange coefficient
- oxygen exchange mechanism

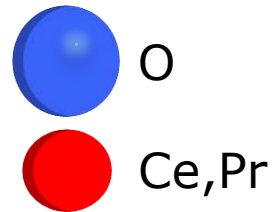
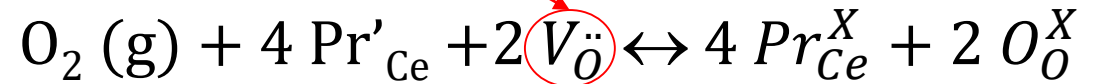
The image shows a periodic table of elements. A red box highlights the transition metal elements from Titanium (Ti) to Copper (Cu) in the 4th period. The elements highlighted are Ti (atomic number 22), V (23), Cr (24), Mn (25), Fe (26), Co (27), Ni (28), and Cu (29). The periodic table includes atomic numbers, element symbols, and names for all elements up to 118.

1																	18	
1	H																	He
2	Li	Be											B	C	N	O	F	Ne
3	Na	Mg										Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar	
4	K	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr
5	Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Xe
6	Cs	Ba	La-Lu	Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn
7	Fr	Ra	Ac-Lr	Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt	Ds	Rg	Cn	Uut	Ff	Uup	Lv	Uus	Uuo

Why $\text{Pr}_{0.1}\text{Ce}_{0.9}\text{O}_{2-\delta}$ (PCO10)?



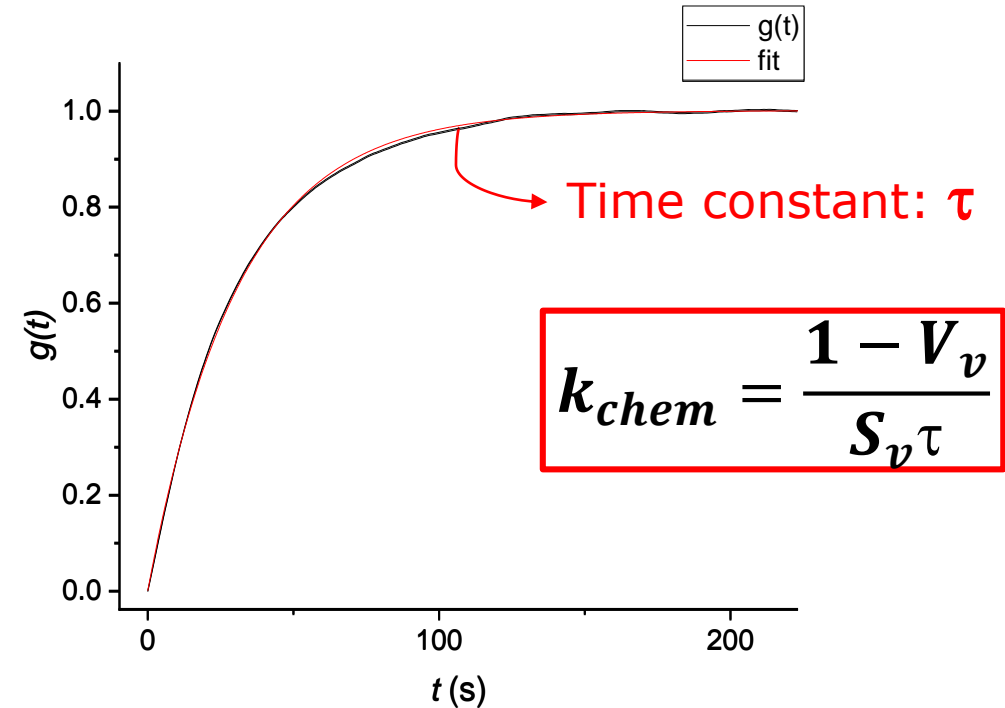
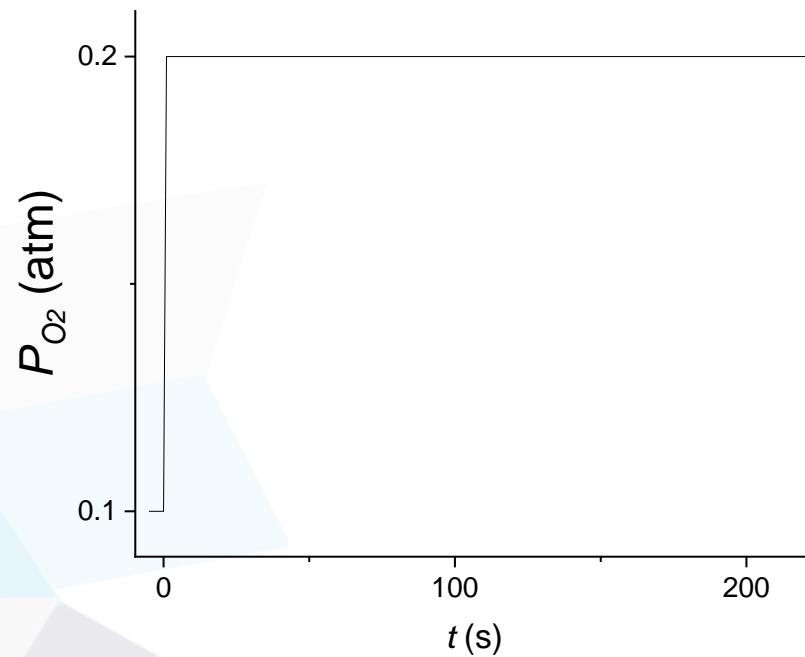
PCO=MIEC
Fluorite type structure
Pr mixed valence 3+/4+
→ **O^{2-} vacancies**



Oxygen exchange-conductivity relaxation

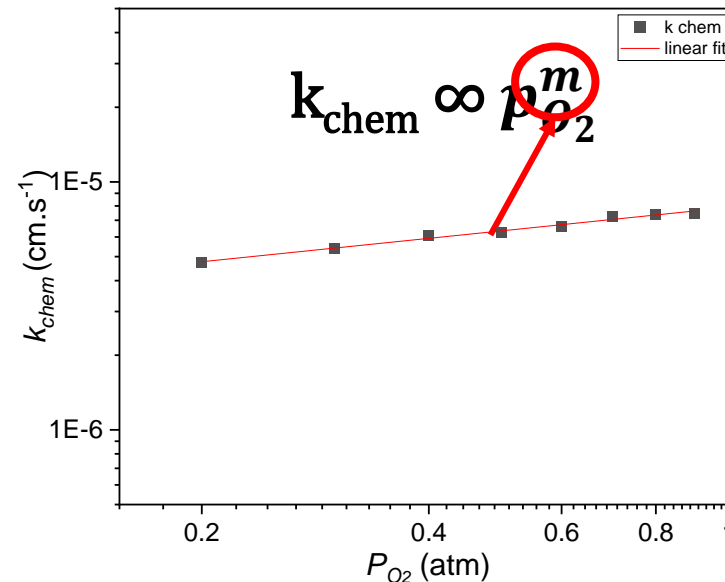
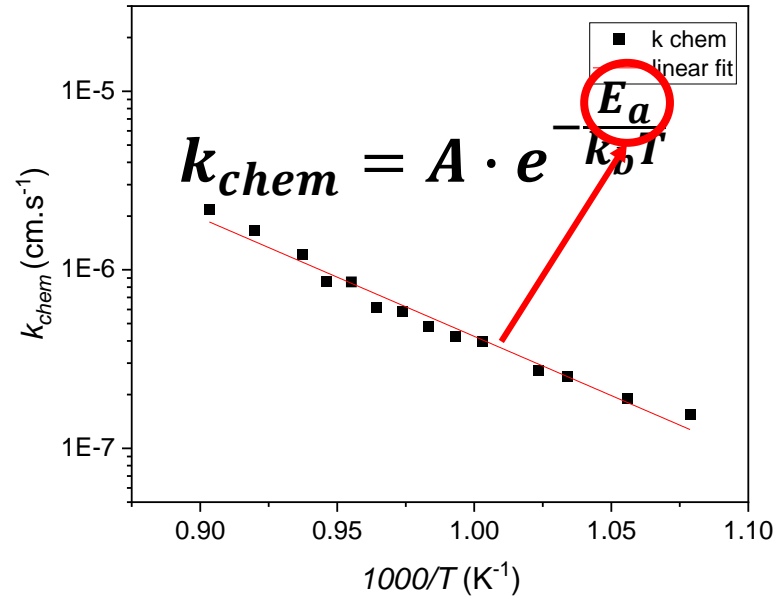
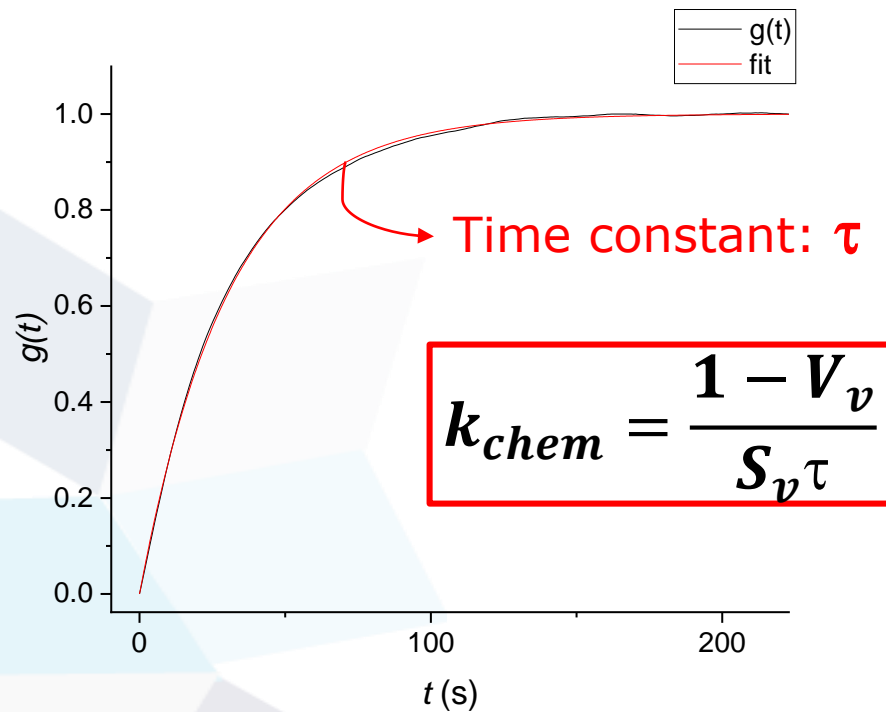
Porous MIEC: $\Delta P_{O_2} \rightarrow \Delta \text{conductivity}$

$$\text{Normalized conductivity: } g(t) = \frac{\sigma(t) - \sigma(0)}{\sigma_{\infty} - \sigma(0)} = 1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}$$



Ganeshanathan R. et al., *J. Electrochem. Soc.* **2005**, (8) 152, A1620.

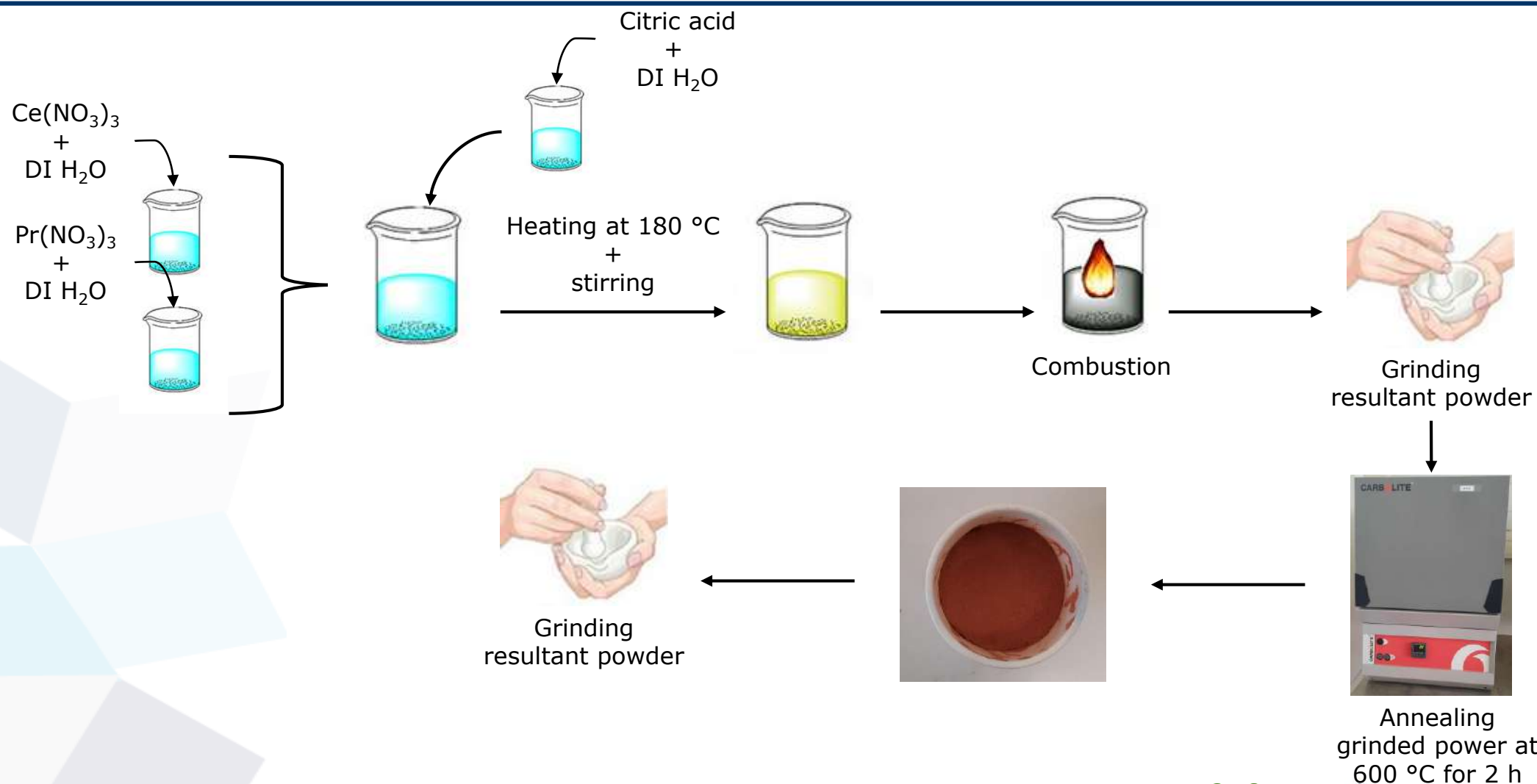
Oxygen exchange-conductivity relaxation



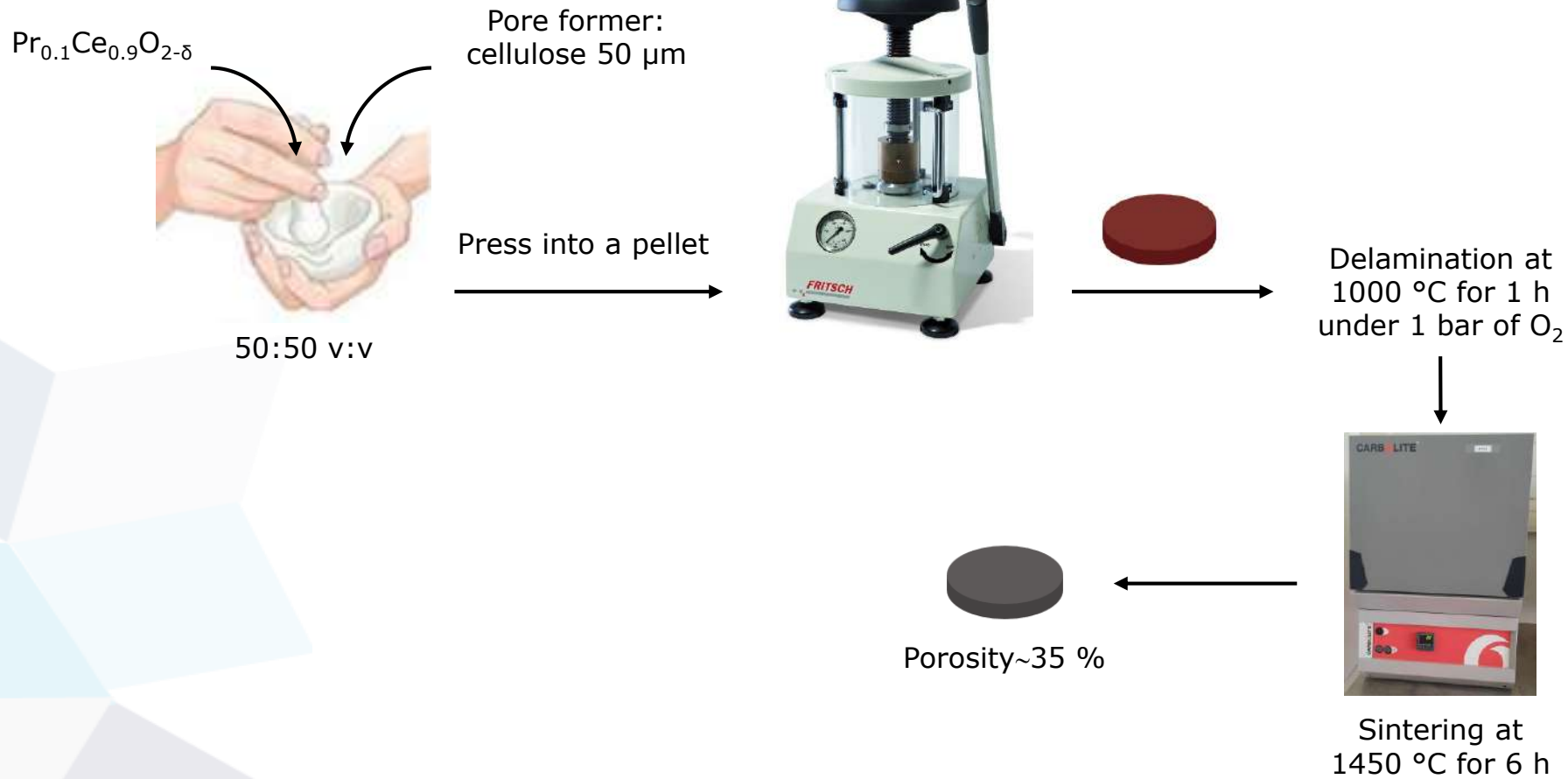
$m > 0.5 \rightarrow$ the RDS involves diatomic oxygen ($O_{2(g)}$, $O_{2,ad}^{q-}$)
 $m < 0.25 \rightarrow$ the RDS involves atomic oxygen (O_{ad}^{q-})

Chueh, W. C. et al., *Annu. Rev. Chem. Biomol. Eng.* 2012, 3, 313–341.

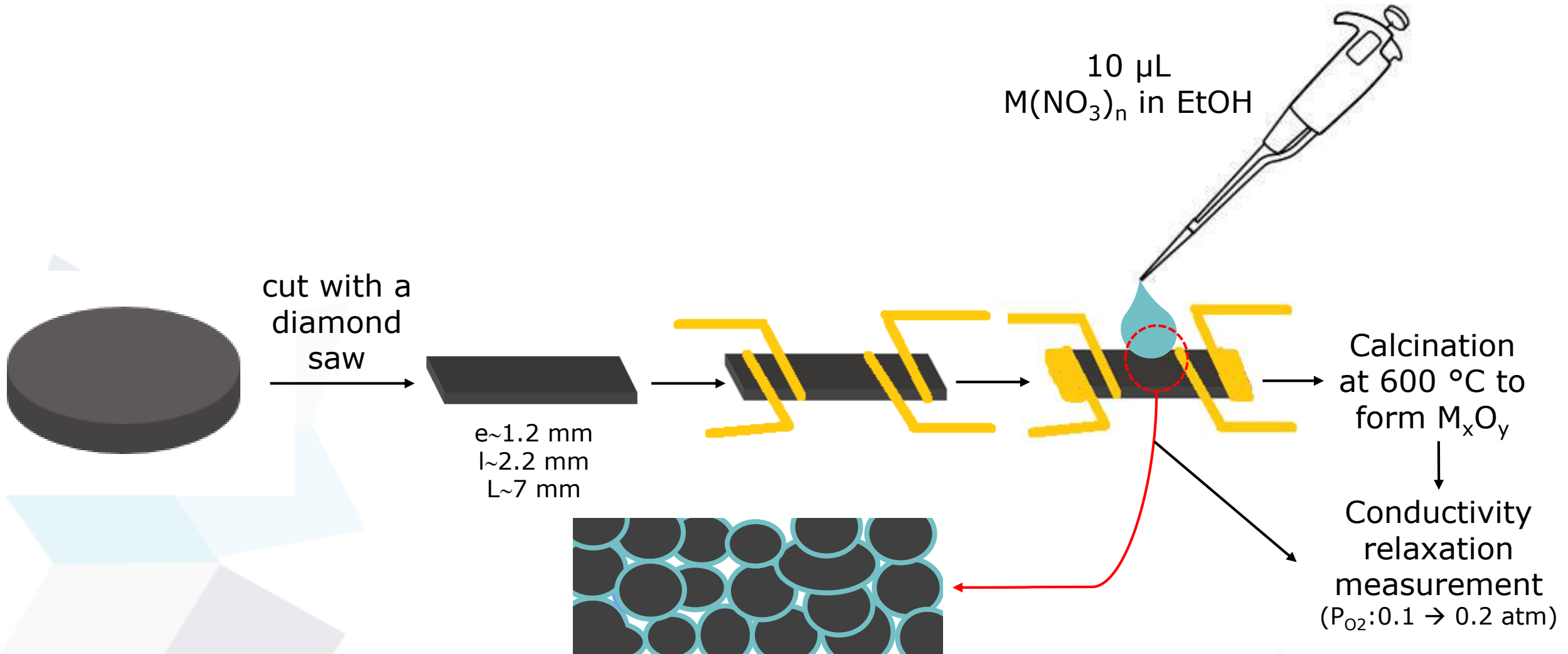
Sample preparation: $\text{Pr}_{0.1}\text{Ce}_{0.9}\text{O}_{2-\delta}$ synthesis



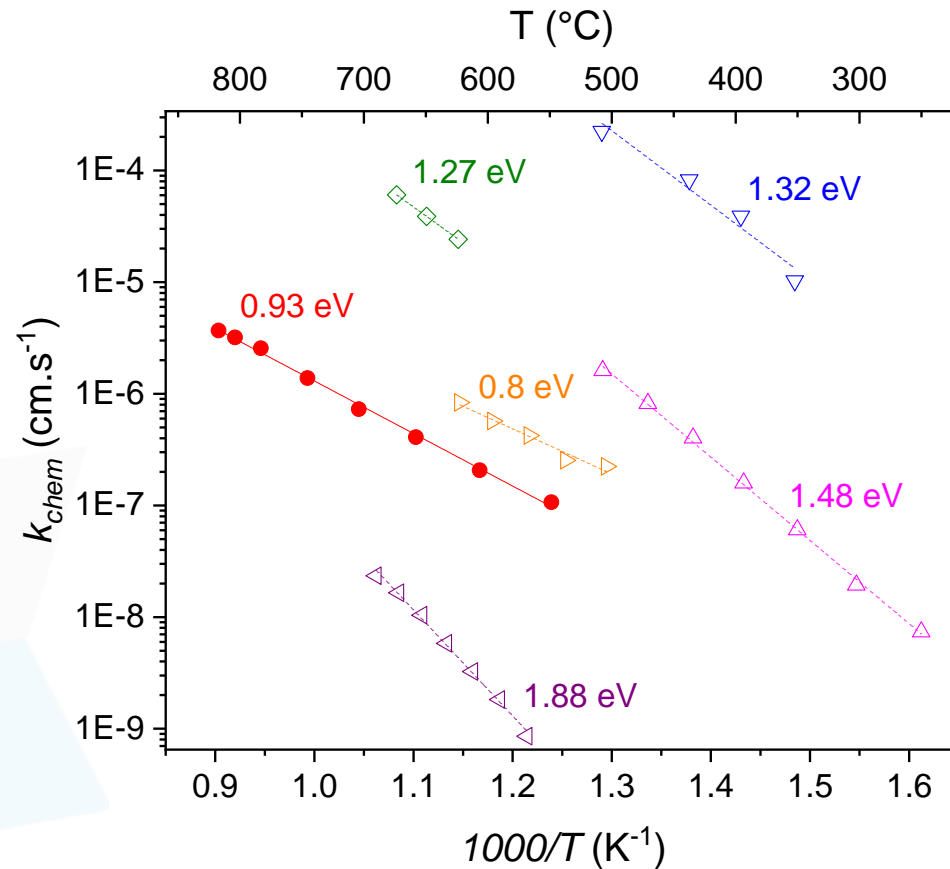
Sample preparation: pellet preparation



Sample preparation: bar preparation



PCO vs. literature



- PCO-C50-porous bar
- △ porous bar, C. Nicollet et al.¹
- ▽ dense bar, C. Nicollet et al.¹
- ◇ thin film, H. G. Seo et al.²
- △ thin film, D. Chen et al.³
- △ thin film, Y. Ma et al.⁴

¹ Nicollet C. et al., *Nat. Catal.* **2020**, 3 (11), 913–920.

² Seo H. G. et al., *Adv. Energy Mater.* **2022**, 12 (43), 2202101.

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Thank you for your attention!